



Greenside Film Factory
Medium Term Planning: Spring Term 1 2022

Class: Nursery
Theme: Trees

Teacher: Sophie McDonagh-Londy
Film: *FernGully*

Prime Areas of Learning		
Areas of Learning	Learning Experiences	Skills and Curriculum Objectives
Personal, Social, & Emotional Development	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Continuation of the 'Golden Rules' and reinforcement during child initiated play SMSC weekly topics and themes E-safety Linking feelings to the characters within core texts and the film <i>FernGully</i> - How do they resolve conflicts? Examining the different personalities and traits of the characters in core texts and in <i>FernGully</i>. Students will use the film <i>FernGully</i> as a stimulus to explore how to make friends with one another in the classroom Listening carefully to how music and sound effects are used in the film <i>FernGully</i>- i.e. what does it sound like when the trees are being cut down? What sounds can you hear in the rainforest? How are they different from the sounds that we hear where we live? How do these sounds make us feel? Looking at different environments - comparing our community to the rainforest-How are they similar? How are they different? Talking about the need to care for and look after the trees - Students can suggest how to do this (ie: plant more trees, don't chop down the trees, don't waste paper, recycle paper) Students to think about how trees make them feel - i.e. they provide us with shade from the sun, they help us to breathe cleaner air, etc. Talking about respect – respect for trees and the environment and 	Making Relationships <u>Range 4</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Builds relationships with special people but may show anxiety in the presence of strangers Is becoming more able to separate from their close carers and explore new situations with support and encouragement from another familiar adult Shows some understanding that other people have perspectives, ideas and needs that are different to theirs, e.g. may turn a book to face you so you can see it Shows empathy and concern for people who are special to them by partially matching others' feelings with their own, e.g. may offer a student a toy they know they like Is beginning to be able to cooperate in favourable situations, such as with familiar people and environments and when free from anxiety Seeks out others to share experiences with and may choose to play with a familiar friend or a student who has similar interest

understanding the consequences of not respecting the trees or the environment (linking this concept to our worm farm and compost idea)

- Retelling the core texts through role play activities, practicing how to take turns and work cooperatively together to create a narrative
- Comparing characters from the different core texts and the film *FernGully*, students will be encouraged to think about who is special to them (i.e. their friends and families).
- Looking at a variety of different colours and how they make us feel (i.e. blue is Sad, Red is Angry, Yellow is Happy)
- Comparing the emotions of Crysta and Batty when they see the loggers in the Rainforest (Crysta is brave, Batty is scared).
- Exploring daylight savings time and how we are affected by it - i.e. the importance of sunlight and Vitamin D for our mental health and physical health
- Looking at documentary film texts like *Planet Earth* with Sir David Attenborough and understanding the impacts of deforestation on our planet
- Using different natural and found materials to play a game of 'Tic Tac Toe' - (i.e. twigs, conkers, and acorns) and modelling how to play fairly and take turns with others
- Looking at the "rainforests" episode of The National Geographic:
<https://thekidshouldseethis.com/post/rainforests-101>
- Exploring the characters of Crysta and Zack through PSED:
 - How do you think they feel being in the rainforest?
 - How would it feel to have your homes destroyed?
 - How do the fairies feel when they meet the loggers?
 - What would you do to protect the rainforest?

Range 5

- Seeks out companionship with adults and other students, sharing experiences and play ideas
- Uses their experiences of adult behaviours to guide their social relationships and interactions
- Shows increasing consideration of other people's needs and gradually more impulse control in favourable conditions, e.g. giving up a toy to another who wants it
- Practices skills of assertion, negotiation and compromise and looks to a supportive adult for help in resolving conflict with peers
- Enjoys playing alone, alongside and with others, inviting others to play and attempting to join others' play

Sense of Self

Range 4

- Knows their own name, their preferences and interests and is becoming aware of their unique abilities
- Is developing an understanding of and interest in differences of gender, ethnicity and ability
- Shows a sense of autonomy through asserting their ideas and preferences and making choices and decisions
- Experiments with their own and other people's views of who they are through their play, through trying out different behaviours, and the way they talk about themselves
- Is gradually learning that actions have consequences but not always the consequences the student hopes for

Range 5

- Is becoming more aware of the similarities and differences between themselves and others in more

detailed ways and identifies them self in relation to social groups and to their peers

- Is sensitive to others' messages of appreciation or criticism
- Enjoys a sense of belonging through being involved in daily tasks
- Is aware of being evaluated by others and begin to develop ideas about themselves according to the messages they hear from others
- Shows their confidence and self-esteem through being outgoing towards people, taking risks and trying new things or new social situations and being able

Understanding Emotions

Range 4

- Expresses the self-aware emotions of pride and embarrassment as well as a wide range of other feeling
- Can feel overwhelmed by intense emotions, resulting in an emotional collapse when frightened, frustrated, angry, anxious or overstimulated
- Is becoming able to think about their feelings as their brain starts to develop the connections that help them manage their emotions
- Seeks comfort from familiar adults when needed and distracts themselves with a comfort object when upset
- Responds to the feelings of others, showing concern and offering comfort
- May recognise that some actions can hurt or harm others and begins to stop themselves from doing something they should not do, in favourable conditions
- Participates more in collective cooperation as their experience of routines and understanding of some boundaries grows

		<p><u>Range 5</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Expresses a wide range of feelings in their interactions with others and through their behaviour and play, including excitement and anxiety, guilt and self-doubt • May exhibit increased fearfulness of things like the dark or monsters etc and possibly have nightmares • Talks about how others might be feeling and responds according to their his understanding of the other person’s needs and wants • Is more able to recognise the impact of their her choices and behaviours/actions on others and knows that some actions and words can hurt others’ feelings • Understands that expectations vary depending on different events, social situations and changes in routine, and becomes more able to adapt their behaviour in favourable conditions
<p>Communication and Language</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • After watching the movie, ask students to retell and recall the film and the main characters - staff to model how to use descriptive language. • “Hot Seat Game” - asking and answering who, what, where, when, why, how and why questions relating to <i>Fern Gully</i> and core texts • Listening for rhyming words in core texts, predicting the next part of the story, creating alternate endings, etc. • Learning new vocabulary related to trees - rainforest, creatures, oxygen, deforestation, protect, branches, roots etc. • Learning new vocabulary related to film - sound, special effects, animated, scene, frame, characters, setting, etc. • Using descriptive language to talk about trees in the Learning Garden and in the park – i.e. “The tree is big/tall” or “The tree is small/short” and “This tree has pine needles” or “This tree has colourful leaves on it”. • Reinforcing initial sounds and dominant sounds within new topic words - i.e. T is for Tree, R is for Rainorest, F is for Fairy etc. • Using language to express our thoughts, opinions, and feelings – How did you feel when Chrysta and Zack from <i>FernGully</i>...? • Sing topic related songs - Plant a tree, And the green grass grew, etc. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FJqy967xs1c - Parts of the Trees song 	<p>Listening and Attention</p> <p><u>Range 4</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Listens with interest to the noises adults make when they read stories • Recognises and responds to many familiar sounds, e.g. turning to a knock on the door, looking at or going to the door • Shows interest in play with sounds, songs and rhymes • Single channelled attention; can shift to a different task if attention fully obtained – using student’s name helps focus <p><u>Range 5</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Listens to others in one-to-one or small groups, when conversation interests them • Listens to familiar stories with increasing attention and recall • Joins in with repeated refrains and anticipates key

- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8Zjpl6fgYSY> - The Seasons song
- Comparing our core texts – “They are the same because... They are different because...”
 - Looking at different environments - comparing rainforests to the park
 - Using mathematical language – big, small, more, less, tall, short, a lot, a little bit, add, subtract, etc.
 - Using positional language – next to, beside, in front of, behind, above, under, in between, on top, etc.
 - Students to use story sequence language to describe the film *FernGully* and the different core texts: first, then, next, after that, finally
 - Constant modelling of the correct past, present, and future tenses
 - Talking about the need to care for and look after the trees - Students can suggest how to do this (ie: plant more trees, don't chop down the trees, don't waste paper, recycle paper)
 - Role play in the home corner - turning it into a Fairies house in the Rainforest.
 - Model how to play cooperatively and use imaginative language in the home corner or in small-world activities
 - Naming, classifying and learning about fruit that comes from trees - oranges, apples, pears, lemons, tangerines, plums, etc.
 - Think about what it would be like to be in a rainforest; what would you hear, see, taste, touch, smell?
 - Introducing topic specific vocabulary related to naming different types of trees and plants, fairy creatures, different types of forests and climates around the world
 - Asking the students to recall recent experiences – i.e. Christmas holidays, New Years, etc.

events and phrases in rhymes and stories

- Focusing attention – can still listen or do, but can change their own focus of attention
- Is able to follow directions (if not intently focused)

Understanding

Range 4

- Identifies action words by following simple instructions, e.g. Show me jumping
- Beginning to understand more complex sentences, e.g. Put your toys away and then sit on the carpet
- Understands who, what, where in simple questions (e.g. Who's that? Who can? What's that? Where is?)
- Developing understanding of simple concepts (e.g. fast/slow, good/bad)

Range 5

- Understands use of objects (e.g. Which one do we cut with?)
- Shows understanding of prepositions such as under, on top, behind by carrying out an action or selecting correct picture
- Responds to instructions with more elements, e.g. Give the big ball to me; collect up all the blocks and put them in the box
- Beginning to understand why and how questions

Speaking

Range 4

- Uses language to share feelings, experiences and thoughts
- Holds a conversation, jumping from topic to topic
- Learns new words very rapidly and is able to use them in communicating
- Uses a variety of questions (e.g. what, where, who)
- Uses longer sentences (e.g. Mummy gonna work)
- Beginning to use word endings (e.g. going, cats)

		<p><u>Range 5</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Beginning to use more complex sentences to link thoughts (e.g. using and, because) • Able to use language in recalling past experiences • Can retell a simple past event in correct order (e.g. went down slide, hurt finger) • Uses talk to explain what is happening and anticipate what might happen next • Questions why things happen and gives explanations. Asks e.g. who, what, when, how • Beginning to use a range of tenses (e.g. play, playing, will play, played) • Continues to make some errors in language (e.g. runned) and will absorb and use language they hear around them in their community and culture • Uses intonation, rhythm and phrasing to make the meaning clear to others • Talks more extensively about things that are of particular importance to them • Builds up vocabulary that reflects the breadth of their experiences • Uses talk in pretending that objects stand for something else in play, e.g. This box is my castle
<p>Physical Development</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Exploring the Fairy walk in our Learning Garden, making observations about what they can see, how it is similar and different to the fairies home in the film <i>FernGully</i> • Manipulating clay, plasticine, playdough, etc. related to the film <i>FernGully</i>- build your own fairies house, forest, trees etc. • Nursery staff to model how to hold a pencil, chalk, pens, and paint brush correctly. • Handwriting activities - Jarman patterns, letter formation, and number formation • Trees linked handwriting sheets and Jarman handwriting activities • Fine motor skill activities - finger painting, feathers, foil, zips, buttons and fasteners on clothes, use of scissors, etc. • Connecting sticks with glue, string, and tape to make trees. • Going on a 'colour hunt' around the forest looking for specific colours and 	<p>Moving and Handling</p> <p><u>Range 4</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sits up from lying down, stands up from sitting and squats with steadiness to rest or play with object on the ground, and rises to feet without using hands • Sits comfortably on a chair with both feet on the ground • Runs safely on whole foot • Moves in response to music, or rhythms played on instruments such as drums or shakers • Jumps up into the air with both feet leaving the floor and can jump forward a small distance • Begins to walk, run and climb on different levels and surfaces

- matching them together
- Managing risks in the Learning Garden, learning to climb safely and use tools appropriately
- Encouraging the students to tie their own shoelaces, zip up their own coats, and fasten their own buttons as part of their fine motor skills and independent self-care
- Students will have an open snack bar in the morning, where they will be encouraged to eat healthy foods of their choosing, discussing what is good for their body and what their body needs to give them further energy for the morning.
- Moving in different ways like a fairy, simulating a fairy flying, building our own fairy houses and rainforests, etc.
- Discussing the importance of oral hygiene – like brushing your teeth and visiting the dentist regularly to promote health and self-care
- P.E. Focus: Gymnastics
- After watching ***FernGully***, students will be encouraged to talk about why the humans look like they do and what happened to them. We will use this as a stimulus to discuss healthy active living – healthy eating and exercise, taking care of our bodies
- The students will create a healthy food plan for the humans and fairies to eat from the film ***FernGully***

STEAM project:

- Making rain shakers using rice, lentils, beads, etc.

- Begins to understand and choose different ways of moving
- Kicks a stationary ball with either foot, throws a ball with increasing force and accuracy and starts to catch a large ball by using two hands and their chest to trap it
- Climbs up and down stairs by placing both feet on each step while holding a handrail for support
- Uses wheeled toys with increasing skill such as pedalling, balancing, holding handlebars and sitting astride
- May be beginning to show preference for dominant hand and/or leg/foot
- Turns pages in a book, sometimes several at once
- Shows increasing control in holding, using and manipulating a range of tools and objects such as tambourines, jugs, hammers, and mark making tools
- Holds mark-making tools with thumb and all fingers

Range 5

- Climbs stairs, steps and moves across climbing equipment using alternate feet. Maintains balance using hands and body to stabilise
- Walks down steps or slopes whilst carrying a small object, maintaining balance and stability
- Runs with spatial awareness and negotiates space successfully, adjusting speed or direction to avoid obstacles
- Can balance on one foot or in a squat momentarily, shifting body weight to improve stability
- Can grasp and release with two hands to throw and catch a large ball, beanbag or an object
- Creates lines and circles pivoting from the shoulder and elbow
- Manipulates a range of tools and equipment in one hand, tools include paintbrushes, scissors, hairbrushes, toothbrush, scarves or ribbons

Health and Self-Care

Range 4

- Very energetic in short bursts and needs time for rest and calm with at least three hours of a day of exercise including moderate- to vigorous-intensity physical activity, spread throughout the day
- Needs to sleep for 10–13 hours in a 24-hour period which may include a nap, with regular sleep and wake-up times
- Feeds self competently
- Can hold a cup with two hands and drink well without spilling
- Develops some independence in self-care and shows an awareness of routines such as handwashing or teeth cleaning but still often needs adult support
- Develops increasing understanding of and control of the bowel and bladder urges and starts to communicate their need for the preferred choice of potty or toilet
- Able to help with and increasingly independently put on and take off simple clothing items such as hats, unzipped jackets, wellington boots
- Begins to recognise danger and seeks the support and comfort of significant adults
- Can increasingly express their thoughts and emotions through words as well as continuing to use facial expressions

Range 5

- Can tell adults when hungry, full up or tired or when they want to rest, sleep or play
- Observes and can describe in words or actions the effects of physical activity on their bodies.
- Can name and identify different parts of the body
- Takes practical action to reduce risk, showing their understanding that equipment and tools can be used safely

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Can wash and can dry hands effectively and understands why this is important • Willing to try a range of different textures and tastes and expresses a preference. Can name and identify different parts of the body • Observes and controls breath, able to take deep breaths, scrunching and releasing the breath • Can mirror the playful actions or movements of another adult or child • Working towards a consistent, daily pattern in relation to eating, toileting and sleeping routines and understands why this is important • Gains more bowel and bladder control and can attend to toileting needs most of the time themselves. • Dresses with help, e.g. puts arms into open fronted coat or shirt when held up, pulls up own trousers, and pulls up zipper once it is fastened at the bottom
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Specific Areas of Learning

Literacy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In the book corner, students will be provided with fiction as well as nonfiction texts featuring trees and plants. With adults, students will be encouraged to talk about the differences and how they know if something is a fiction or a nonfiction text • The students will sequence key events in core texts and the film <i>FernGully</i>, using story sequencing prompts and pictures to help guide them • Daily Phonics: focusing on Phase 2 sounds and using our phonics knowledge to independently write words and captions • Making phonics games regularly available on the interactive whiteboard • Listening to stories, songs, and poems related to space and the solar system • Making decodable texts available in the book corner • Looking at rhyming words from the core texts and <i>FernGully</i> eg. tree, boy, etc • Using topic themed bordered paper and a variety of writing materials for the students to use independently • Retelling stories and the film <i>FernGully</i> through drawing and writing 	<p>Reading</p> <p><u>Range 4</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Has some favourite stories, rhymes, songs, poems or jingles • Repeats and uses actions, words or phrases from familiar stories • Fills in the missing word or phrase in a known rhyme, story or game, e.g. Humpty Dumpty sat on a ... Begins to recognise familiar logos from student's popular culture, commercial print or icons for apps • Enjoys rhythmic and musical activity with percussion instruments, actions, rhymes and songs, clapping along with the beat and joining in with words of familiar songs and nursery rhymes <p><u>Range 5</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Listens to and joins in with stories and poems, when
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- Using coloured paper and stencils for leaf patterns
- Providing opportunities for the students to learn how to write their names in different ways - with pens, pencils, chalks, in the sand, with paint, etc.
- Explaining the importance of labelling our work with our name
- Providing writing paper and materials for the home corner
- Writing letters to characters from our core texts and the film **FernGully**
- Labelling different types of trees and classifying them
- Labelling different types of forest animals and woodland creatures
- Labelling the different parts of a flower
- Using speech bubbles and thought bubbles to write about what the story and film characters might be thinking about or saying
- Discussing aspects such as, how does a tree grow? How is Batty different to Bats on Earth? What is the 'monster' of the forest? What does 'X' on the trees mean?
- Role playing and re-enacting the different core texts and providing props for the students to explore them creatively
- Making environmental protest posters about deforestation, relating to **FernGully**.
- Writing movie tickets and film reviews after screening **FernGully**
- Matching initial sounds to characters/objects relating to the film **FernGully** - F is for Forest, T is for Tree, etc.
- Learning the actions and singing along to the Phase 2 Jolly Phonics song on YouTube.
- Using a phonics themed sound chart to help with child initiated writing
- Knowing all of the Phase 2 Sounds: s, a, t, i, p, n, c, k, ck, e, h, r, m, d, g, o, u, l, f, b, ff, ll, ss

reading one-to-one and in small groups

- Joins in with repeated refrains and anticipates key events and phrases in rhymes and stories
- Begins to be aware of the way stories are structured, and to tell own stories
- Talks about events and principal characters in stories and suggests how the story might end
- Shows interest in illustrations and words in print and digital books and words in the environment
- Recognises familiar words and signs such as own name, advertising logos and screen icons
- Looks at and enjoys print and digital books independently

Writing

Range 4

- Distinguishes between the different marks they make
- Enjoys drawing and writing on paper, on screen and on different textures, such as in sand or playdough and through using touch-screen technology.

Range 5

- Makes up stories, play scenarios, and drawings in response to experiences, such as outings
- Sometimes gives meaning to their drawings and paintings
- Ascribes meanings to signs, symbols and words that they see in different places, including those they make themselves
- Includes mark making and early writing in their play
- Imitates adults' writing by making continuous lines of shapes and symbols (early writing) from left to right
- Attempts to write their own name, or other names and words, using combinations of lines, circles and curves, or letter-type shapes
- Shows interest in letters on a keyboard, identifying the initial letter of their own name and other familiar

		<p>words</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Begins to make letter-type shapes to represent the initial sound of their name and other familiar words
<p>Mathematics</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Building up the students' interest in counting and numbers through rhymes and songs • Using objects and pictures to encourage and support their involvement in singing • Creating different types of numbers lines with the students – trees, fairies, plants • Continuing to expose the students to numerals 0-10 • Using Numicon to recognise numbers and quantities from 1-10 • Extension: introduce numbers beyond 10 • Counting and comparing number of trees, leaves, etc. in different pictures • Making repeating patterns with characters from core texts, sticks, and other objects related to trees. • Showing an interest in representing numbers by making marks on paper - i.e. tally marks to record the number of trees in the school gardens • Ordering sticks, leaves, and trees according to length/height • Ordering characters and objects from the film <i>FernGully</i> by size e.g. largest to smallest • Sorting and counting natural materials found in The Learning Garden • Exploring 2D shapes, introducing mathematical language to name sides and corners • Extension: Introducing 3D shapes • Using mathematical language to describe the different trees around the school and Learning Garden - i.e. tall, short, wide, narrow • Learning about the days of the week and monitoring the daily temperature and weather trends through the BBC Weather Report • Using mathematical language to describe different objects from the film <i>FernGully</i>- big, small, tall, short, heavy, light, etc. • Data handling – who's happy to go to a rainforest? Favourite treats to take with you? What would you feed the animals? • Recognising coins and buying objects to take to the rainforest, then finding the totals • Exploring the concepts of floating and sinking in the water tray • Examining autumn leaves in the Learning Garden and sorting them by colour and size 	<p>Comparison</p> <p><u>Range 4</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Beginning to compare and recognise changes in numbers of things, using words like more, lots or 'same' <p><u>Range 5</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Compares two small groups of up to five objects, saying when there are the same number of objects in each group, e.g. You've got two, I've got two. Same! <p>Counting</p> <p><u>Range 4</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Begins to say numbers in order, some of which are in the right order (ordinality) <p><u>Range 5</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Points or touches (tags) each item, saying one number for each item, using the stable order of 1,2,3,4,5 • Uses some number names and number language within play, and may show fascination with large numbers • Begin to recognise numerals 0 to 10 <p>Cardinality</p> <p><u>Range 4</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In everyday situations, takes or gives two or three objects from a group • Beginning to notice numerals (number symbols) • Beginning to count on their fingers.

- Exploring symmetry in nature (i.e. with leaves)
- Addition of trees and fairies - more and less
- In the home corner, students will have opportunities to explore lots of environmental maths concepts, such as a calendar, a food diary, a clock, a purse with money, etc
- Discussing 'time and light' through daylight savings time, morning routines, school routines, evening routines, etc. – sequencing a typical school day
- Encouraging the students to count and represent numbers in different ways - i.e. with marks on paper (writing numbers or tally marks), counting fingers, counting objects, etc.
- Using and reinforcing positional language – i.e. under, in front of, behind, in, next to, beside, on top of, under, etc.

STEAM investigations:

-Designing and building a house for the Fairies and Zack out of natural and found materials as well as recycled materials.

-Making bird feeders for local birds and observing how they help the trees and birds in our local community

Range 5

- Subitises one, two and three objects (without counting)
- Counts up to five items, recognising that the last number said represents the total counted so far (cardinal principle)
- Links numerals with amounts up to 5 and maybe beyond
- Explores using a range of their own marks and signs to which they ascribe mathematical meanings

Composition

Range 5

- Through play and exploration, beginning to learn that numbers are made up (composed) of smaller numbers
- Beginning to use understanding of number to solve practical problems in play and meaningful activities
- Beginning to recognise that each counting number is one more than the one before
- Separates a group of three or four objects in different ways, beginning to recognise that the total is still the same

Spatial Awareness

Range 4

- Moves their bodies and toys around objects and explores fitting into spaces
- Begins to remember their way around familiar environments
- Responds to some spatial and positional language
- Explores how things look from different viewpoints including things that are near or far away

Range 5

- Responds to and uses language of position and direction
- Predicts, moves and rotates objects to fit the space

or create the shape they would like

Shape

Range 4

- Chooses puzzle pieces and tries to fit them in
- Recognises that two objects have the same shape
- Makes simple constructions

Range 5

- Chooses items based on their shape which are appropriate for the child's purpose
- Responds to both informal language and common shape names
- Shows awareness of shape similarities and differences between objects
- Enjoys partitioning and combining shapes to make new shapes with 2D and 3D shapes
- Attempts to create arches and enclosures when building, using trial and improvement to select blocks

Pattern

Range 4

- Joins in and anticipates repeated sound and action patterns
- Is interested in what happens next using the pattern of everyday routines

Range 5

- Creates their own spatial patterns showing some organisation or regularity
- Explores and adds to simple linear patterns of two or three repeating items, e.g. stick, leaf (AB) or stick, leaf, stone (ABC)
- Joins in with simple patterns in sounds, objects, games and stories dance and movement, predicting what comes next

		<p>Measures</p> <p><u>Range 4</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Explores differences in size, length, weight and capacity• Beginning to understand some talk about immediate past and future• Beginning to anticipate times of the day such as mealtimes or home time <p><u>Range 5</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• In meaningful contexts, finds the longer or shorter, heavier or lighter and more/less full of two items• Recalls a sequence of events in everyday life and stories
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Understanding the World

- Exploring weather patterns (past weather and weather forecasts) - What was the weather like yesterday? What will it be like tomorrow?
- Exploring different celebrations from different religions or places such as Christmas, etc.
- Talking about and exploring clothes and artefacts associated with these celebrations and how people around the world prepare for them
- The students will recall special times and events in their lives and discuss things that they celebrate at home. They will compare and contrast with one another. "We are the same because... We are different because..."
- Exploring how food is important to a variety of cultural celebrations, like eating apples and honey for Hanukkah, and panettone for Christmas.
- Exploring changes to nature during autumn and winter to understand growth and decay and changes over time
- Using torches in a blackout tent to investigate light and dark
- Discussing how we spent our Christmas holidays - who do others celebrate Christmas and New Years?
- Students will use a variety of technology to document the changes in the seasons and how plants and trees change over time ie. interactive whiteboard, camera, iPads.
- Use our film **FernGully** to talk about environmental issues and what we can do to protect our planet and look after it as well as one another – how can we take environmental action?
- Going on a variety of nature walks to look at plants and trees and observe seasonal changes
- Learning about different woodland animals and how they survive in the autumn and in the winter – How do they use the trees? (i.e. beavers make dams)
- Looking at Day/Night - and understanding that the Earth rotates completely once every 24 hours
- Looking at our Planet: What things do we need to live? Why do we live on Earth? How much of it is land vs. how much of it is water? What importance do trees and plants have for humans and animals?
- Explaining the importance of looking after Earth (Reduce/Reuse/Recycle) - linked with **FernGully** and how the humans were chopping down all of the rainforest.
- Looking at the 'layers of a forest'.
- Sequencing the life cycle of a flower/ tree

People and Communities

Range 4

- Has a sense of own immediate family and relations and pets
- In pretend play, imitates everyday actions and events from own family and cultural background, e.g. making and drinking tea, going to the barbers, being a cat, dog or bird
- Beginning to have their own friends
- Learns that they have similarities and differences that connect them to, and distinguish them from, others

Range 5

- Shows interest in the lives of people who are familiar to them
- Enjoys joining in with family customs and routines
- Remembers and talks about significant events in their own experience
- Recognises and describes special times or events for family or friends
- Shows interest in different occupations and ways of life indoors and outdoors
- Knows some of the things that make them unique, and can talk about some of the similarities and differences in relation to friends or family

The World

Range 4

- Notices detailed features of objects in their environment
- Can talk about some of the things they have observed such as plants, animals, natural and found objects
- Enjoys playing with small world reconstructions, building on first-hand experiences, e.g. visiting farms, garages, train tracks, walking by river or lake

STEAM investigations:

- Planting cress in the classroom
- Oil and water investigations

Range 5

- Comments and asks questions about aspects of their familiar world such as the place where they live or the natural world
- Talks about why things happen and how things work
- Developing an understanding of growth, decay and changes over time
- Shows care and concern for living things and the environment
- Begin to understand the effect their behaviour can have on the environment

Technology

Range 4

- Seeks to acquire basic skills in turning on and operating some digital equipment
- Operates mechanical toys, e.g. turns the knob on a wind-up toy or pulls back on a friction car
- Plays with water to investigate “low technology” such as washing and cleaning
- Uses pipes, funnels and other tools to carry/transport water from one place to another

Range 5

- Knows how to operate simple equipment, e.g. turns on CD player, uses a remote control, can navigate touch-capable technology with support
- Shows an interest in technological toys with knobs or pulleys, real objects such as cameras, and touchscreen devices such as mobile phones and tablets
- Shows skill in making toys work by pressing parts or lifting flaps to achieve effects such as sound, movements or new images
- Knows that information can be retrieved from digital devices and the internet
- Plays with a range of materials to learn cause and effect, for example, makes a string puppet using

		dowels and string to suspend the puppet
Expressive Art & Design	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Retelling core texts through imaginative role play in the Learning Garden ● Making a large rainforest for the classroom display ● Making and re-creating The Stick Man from the book ● Finger painting - to put apples on trees ● Making leaf rubbing drawings using crayons and autumn leaves to experiment with colours and textures ● Making musical instruments and rain sticks with natural and found materials ● Singing and reciting favourite topic related nursery rhymes and songs ● Role playing in the home corner and celebrating the different holidays and events throughout the term ● Using props and costumes to act out the different core texts and the film <i>FernGully</i> ● Providing students with opportunities to review and reflect on their work - What do you like about it? What would you do differently next time? ● Pretending to be characters from <i>FernGully</i>, students will think about how they can save the trees and rainforests ● Imaginative role play in The Learning Garden as well as in the home corner relating to the core texts and film. ● Explore mark making materials to make different patterns and textures - crayons, chalks, pastels colour pencils - pressing hard/gentle, zig-zags, dots, wavy lines, crosses, shading, putting one colour on top of another ● Explore instruments to reproduce sounds of the rainforest e.g. rain stick, thunder tube, rain triangle etc. ● Making rain sticks using a variety of materials such as rice, lentils, beads, etc. ● Play sounds of the rainforest on the interactive whiteboard, students move to different sounds – floating, jumping, flying etc. ● Large scale storyboards annotated with captions/label ● STEAM projects: - Junk modelling fairy houses from <i>FernGully</i> 	<p>Creating with materials</p> <p><u>Range 4</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Joins in singing songs ● Creates sounds by rubbing, shaking, tapping, striking or blowing ● Shows an interest in the way sound makers and instruments sound and experiments with ways of playing them, e.g. loud/quiet, fast/slow ● Experiments with ways to enclose a space, create shapes and represent actions, sounds and objects ● Enjoys and responds to playing with colour in a variety of ways, for example combining colours ● Uses 3D and 2D structures to explore materials and/or to express ideas <p><u>Range 5</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Explores and learns how sounds and movements can be changed • Continues to explore moving in a range of ways, e.g. mirroring, creating own movement patterns ● Enjoys joining in with moving, dancing and ring games ● Sings familiar songs, e.g. pop songs, songs from TV programmes, rhymes, songs from home ● Taps out simple repeated rhythms ● Develops an understanding of how to create and use sounds intentionally ● Continues to explore colour and how colours can be changed ● Develops an understanding of using lines to enclose a space, and begins to use drawing to represent actions and objects based on imagination, observation and experience ● Uses various construction materials, e.g. joining pieces, stacking vertically and horizontally, balancing, making enclosures and creating spaces

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uses tools for a purpose <p>Being Imaginative and Expressive</p> <p><u>Range 4</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uses everyday materials to explore, understand and represent their world – their ideas, interests and fascinations • Begins to make believe by pretending using sounds, movements, words, objects Beginning to describe sounds and music imaginatively, e.g. scary music • Creates rhythmic sounds and movements <p><u>Range 5</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uses movement and sounds to express experiences, expertise, ideas and feelings • Experiments and creates movement in response to music, stories and ideas • Sings to self and makes up simple songs • Creates sounds, movements, drawings to accompany stories
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<p>GGL - Nursery Academy specific vision, ethos, Learning Model and priorities Spring 1, 2022</p>
<p>Greenside</p>
<p>Teaching film – about, through and making film: The Greenside Nursery students will explore different themes and motifs and in our film <i>FernGully</i> that relate to our topic “Trees”. We will examine the environmental aspects of the film. We will discuss what the rainforest was like before parts of it got cut down by the loggers and how humans are destroying the rainforest . We will discuss the importance of trees and why it is important to look after them as well as the environment. We will also explore the different characters within the film <i>FernGully</i> and analyse them. What kind of person is the young boy Zak? Why do the fairies and animals come together? How do they save the rainforest from being destroyed? The Nursery students will be exposed to film language (like setting,</p>

plot, character, mood, etc.) and examining the film *FernGully* through a critical lens. What can the music tell us about the mood of a scene? How can you tell what a character is feeling or thinking?

Experiential Learning Model: Our STEAM investigations will inspire and engage our students in the introduction of our new topic “Trees”. The students will use our Learning Garden and as a stimulus to help them discuss trees, explore and reflect upon environmental issues in more detail. We will learn all about the different types of trees in our local area and compare them to the types of trees found in rainforests. Through our core texts “Percy the Park Keeper, The Giving Tree, The Tiny Seed, and Stick Man,” the students will learn about the changes in seasons, unpack what trees need in order to grow and be healthy and understand the importance of trees for the Earth and our environment to thrive. As part of our STEAM project, all students will grow some watercress in the Nursery classroom and will make observations about the different stages and changes that have occurred over time.

Questioning: The focus for this term will be on using open-ended and reasoning questions suitable for all students’s learning abilities. The students will gain an in-depth understanding of our topic ‘Trees’ and the environment through questions like: How do trees grow? What do they need in order to survive? What kind of trees did we find at Greenside? How are they the same or different to the trees in Shepherds Bush and our local area? Do all plants need the same amount of water and sunlight to survive? How do different trees grow and develop in different habitats?